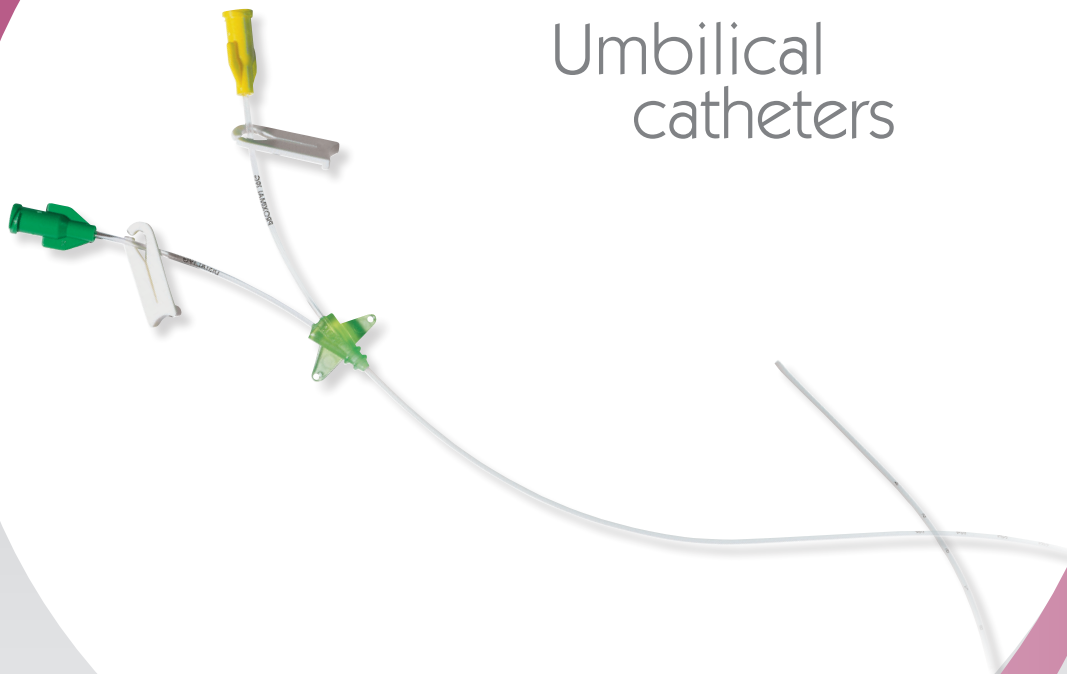


Vascular access

NEONATOLOGY

Umbilical catheters



Value Life

## Single-lumen umbilical catheters

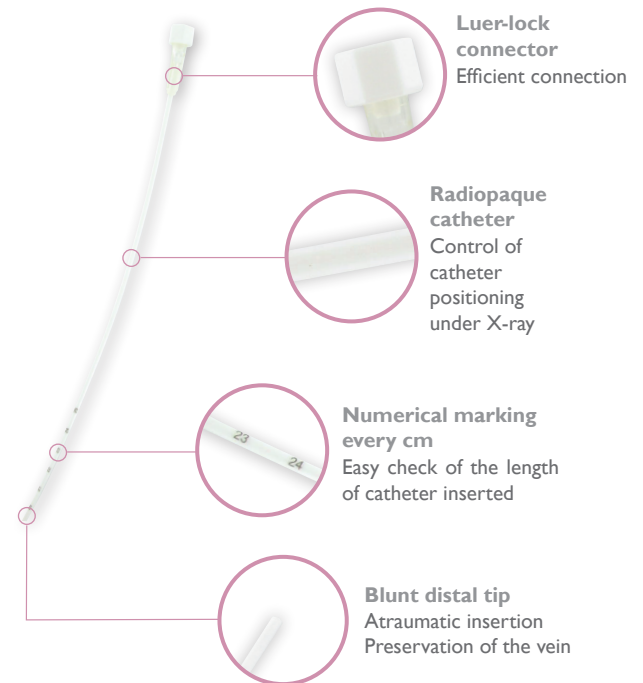
### Umbilical venous catheters are used for:

- Parenteral nutrition & fluid administration
- Drugs administration
- Venous blood sampling
- Transfusion of blood or blood products
- Exchange transfusion

	Code	Size	Length	Flow rate
PUR	1270.02	2.5Fr	30 cm	> 2 ml/min
	1270.03	3.5Fr	40 cm	> 11 ml/min
	1270.04	4Fr	40 cm	> 18 ml/min
	1270.05	5Fr	40 cm	> 24 ml/min
	1270.08	8Fr	40 cm	> 79 ml/min
PVC	270.03	3.5Fr	37 cm	> 6 ml/min
	270.04	4Fr	37 cm	> 16 ml/min
	270.05	5Fr	37 cm	> 31 ml/min
	270.06	6Fr	37 cm	> 52 ml/min
	270.07	7Fr	37 cm	> 80 ml/min
	270.08	8Fr	37 cm	> 120 ml/min

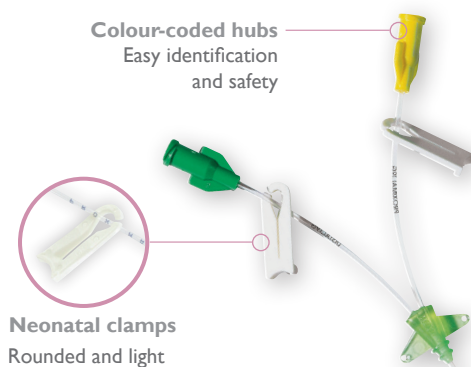
### Umbilical arterial catheters are used for:

- Arterial blood sampling
- Arterial pressure measurement
- Blood pH and blood gas analysis
- Fluids and drugs administration

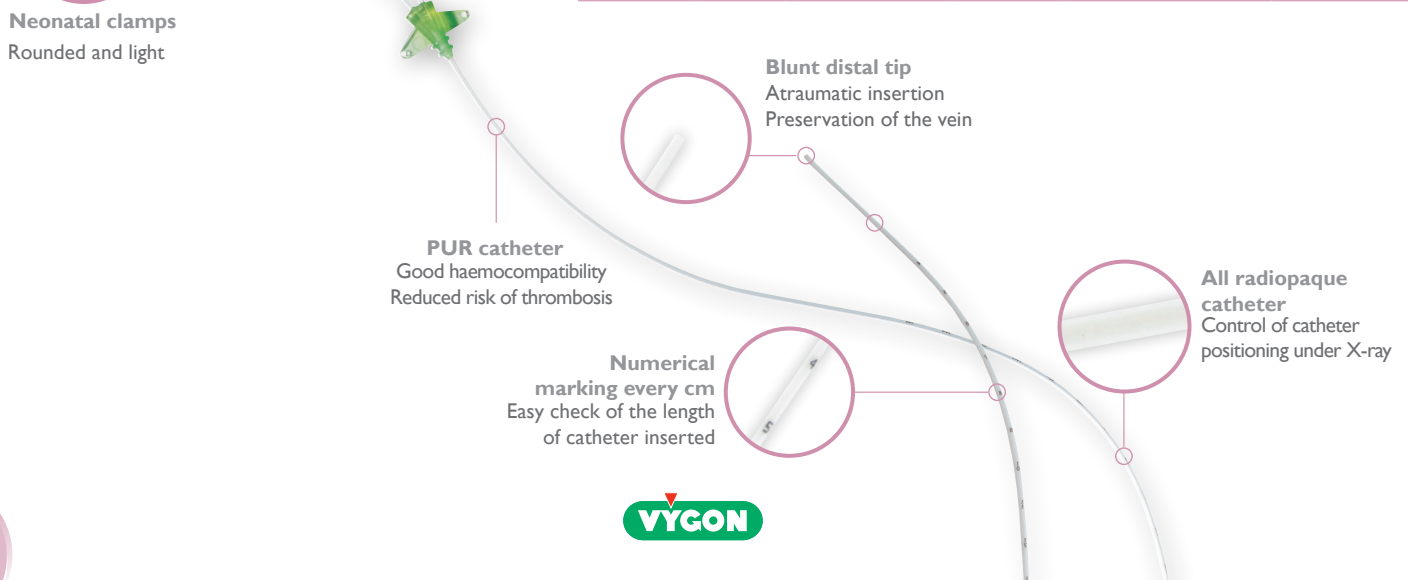


## Double-lumen umbilical catheters

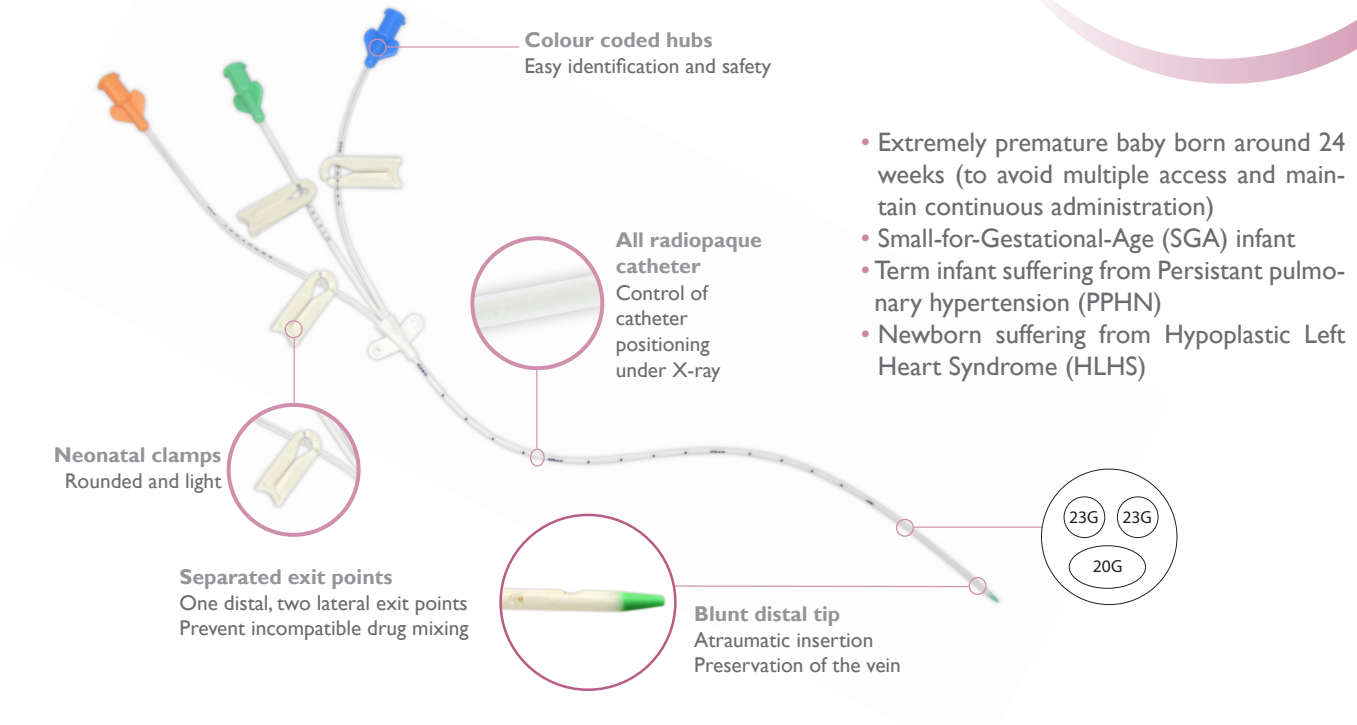
- Infusion of incompatible drugs
- Infusion of medication and nutrition at the same time
- Reduces the need for additional access



	Code	Size	Exit points	Length	Priming volume	Flow rate
PUR	1272.14	4Fr	One lateral One distal	20 cm	2 x 0.26 ml	11 & 12 ml/min
	1274.14	4Fr		40 cm	2 x 0.28 ml	6 & 7 ml/min
	1274.17	5Fr		40 cm	2 x 0.30 ml	7 & 9 ml/min
	1272.04	4Fr	Two distal	20 cm	2 x 0.26 ml	2 x 11 ml/min



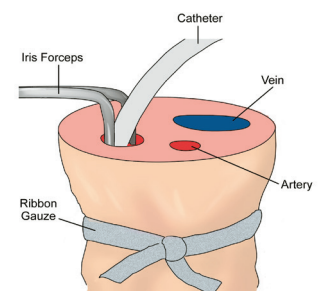
## Triple-lumen umbilical catheter



PUR	Code	Catheter			Distal lumen			Medial lumen			Proximal lumen		
		Fr	Length	Ext. Ø mm	G	Flow rate ml/min	Prim. vol. ml	G	Flow rate ml/min	Prim. vol. ml	G	Flow rate ml/min	Prim. vol. ml
	<b>V02127315</b>	4.5	20	1.5	20	7.4	0.20	23	2	0.17	23	2.1	0.17

## Insertion technique

1. Use strict aseptic technique, disinfect the abdominal wall and cord stump. Place a sterile drape with central opening.
2. Loosely tie an umbilical tape around the cord stump to control bleeding. Cut the umbilical cord horizontally 1 cm above the skin, remove any clots which may obstruct the vessel lumen.
3. Identify the vessels: arteries are small, thick walled spiralling vessels and vein is larger and thin walled.
4. Prime the catheter and if required dilate the vessel using iris forceps.
5. Advance the catheter using short, smooth strokes.
6. Use the cm markings on the catheter to note the length of catheter inserted.
7. Place a suture in the wall of the cord taking care not to puncture the catheter.
8. Dress the catheter according to your local policies.

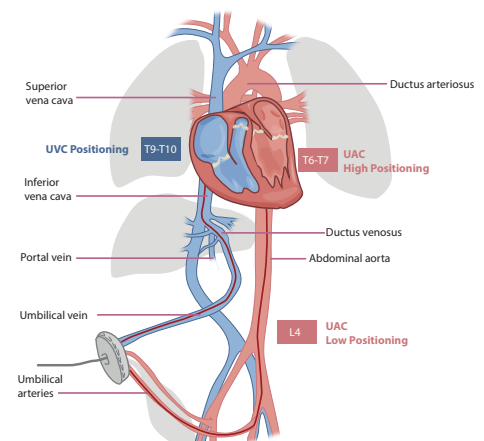


### Positioning:

Always check the location of the catheter by radiography.

**For arterial catheterization:** Umbilical arterial catheter can be sited either in the high position or the low position though the higher position is associated with lower complication rates <sup>(1,2,3)</sup>. Use of high positioning of umbilical arterial catheter is recommended <sup>(4)</sup>.

**For venous catheterization,** the catheter tip should be placed beyond the ductus venosus in the central venous system (inferior vena cava). In emergency situations, the catheter can be inserted 2-3 cm (until blood is returned) and emergency meds can be given. The catheter should not be left in this location and should be removed after giving emergency medications.



# Umbilical Placement Set

The umbilical placement set is a procedure pack containing all the necessary material to place an umbilical catheter

- **Save time and money** by reducing preparation time / Improving stock management/ Reducing waste
- **Increase safety** by reducing the risk of infection / Simplifying procedure / Traceability
- **Instruments dedicated to neonates:** Neonatal tourniquet designed to reduce skin trauma / Non adhesive drapes respectful of the fragile skin of newborns.



Code  
80199.695

- 18 G hypodermic safety needle
- 20 G hypodermic safety needle
- Scalpel
- Drapes without adhesive
- 40x40cm fenestrated transparent drape with "Easy-peel"
- Drape towels
- 1 pair of suture scissors
- 10 swabs 10 x 10, 8-ply
- 10 swabs 5 x 5, 8-ply
- 1 transparent gallipot 60 ml
- 1 red gallipot 60 ml
- Outer wrap
- Instructions for use
- Umbilical tape
- Measuring guide
- Mosquito haemostat curved
- Mosquito haemostat ,straight
- Iris forceps, "full curved"
- Iris forceps, half curve
- Iris forceps, straight
- Iris forceps, straight with teeth
- Needle holder
- Measuring tape
- 1 ml syringe
- 3 ml syringe
- 5 ml syringe
- Vessel dilator probe
- 3.0 silk suture with curved cutting needle
- Tray 20 x 15 x 4 cm
- 2 fixation strips

## Bibliography

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2. Kuschel, C. (2011) Newborn Services Clinical Guideline Umbilical Artery and Vein Catheterisation
3. McCormick, P.C. Stein, B.M. (1990) Functional anatomy of the spinal cord and related structure, Journal of Neurosurgery, Vol 1, pp:469-89
4. Kaleidoscope Hunter Children's health Network, Guideline Umbilical Arterial Catheter in NICU August 2009

For further information, please contact: [questions@vygon.com](mailto:questions@vygon.com)

The specifications given in this brochure are for information only and are not, under any circumstances, of a contractual nature.

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